Tittle

CIRCULAR AND CATALOGUE

OF THE

LAW SCHOOL

OF THE

UNIVERSITY OF ALBANY,

FOR THE

YEAR 1862-3.

ALBANY:
J. MUNSELL, 78 STATE STREET.
1863.



UNIVERSITY OF ALBANY.

THOMAS W. OLCOTT,

President of the Board of Trustees.

ORLANDO MEADS,

Secretary.

DEPARTMENT OF LAW.

HON. REUBEN H. WALWORTH, LL. D.,

President of the Faculty.

PROFESSORS.
HON. IRA HARRIS, LL. D.,

Practice, Pleadings, Evidence.

HON. AMASA J. PARKER, LL. D., Real Estate, Wills, Criminal Law, Personal Rights, Domestic Relations.

AMOS DEAN, LL. D.,

Personal Property, Contract, Commercial Law.

GRADUATES.

1859-1860.

ANDERSON, VOLNEY S. ARMSTRONG, ROBERT S. ATHERTON, HENRY B. BAKER, JOSEPH J. L. BALDWIN, CHARLES E. BALDWIN, DANIEL A. BARNARD, HENRY E. BARTON, SAMUEL BECKWITH, WM. W. BOOTH, THOMAS Brooks, Lyman J. Brown, J. Douglas BUCK, NORMAN, BURDGE, FRANKLIN BUTTON, MARION F. CAMP, JOHN H. CHAPMAN, GEORGE W. CLAPP, WM. H. CLARK, LEONARD S. COLONY, HORATIO CORBITT, JESSE A. DAY, HENRY COIT DEANE, CHARLES W. DE LANO, CLAYTON H. DONALDSON, ELBERT N. DUKE, JOHN T. ENT, WELLINGTON H. ERCANBRACK, THOMAS R. Evans, Edward V. R. FROHOCK, WM. Т. GAGE, PETER JAMES GRISWOLD, STEPHEN B. GROESBECK, PHIL. H. M.

HAND, ELBERT O. HAWLEY, CHARLES A. HOUGHTON, CHESTER W. KETCHUM, ALEX. P. KING, DWIGHT S. KNIGHT, JOHN H. LOVEJOY, SAMUEL W. MARRIN, WM. JAMES MARSH, WALTER R. McCarty, Andrew Z., Jr. MERRIMAN, E. PORTER MILLER, JULIAN D. Moore, John W. Morrison, D. Cameron NELSON, JOHN R. NORTON, JABEZ H. OLCOTT, EGBERT OPDYKE, WM. S. PARKER, GEORGE W. PIERCE, HENRY F. POTTER, CAL. B. PROCTOR, REDFIELD * QUACKENBUSH, EDWIN RATCLIFF, WM. M. RAYNOLDS, WM. C. READ, J. MEREDITH, Jr. RIDOUT, WM. G. SAGE, DEAN SAND, JOHN H. SAWYER, OSCAR G. SILLIMAN, WM. SMITH, LOUIS B. SPENCER, JAMES M.

STOUT, HERBERT
STRATTON, DANIEL P.
STRATTON, MORRIS H.
STRONG, LOUIS G.
STRUNK, ELIAS D.
TITUS, CHAUNCY S.
TYLER, JAMES M.

VEAZEY, WHEELOCK G.
VILAS, WM. FREEMAN
WAINWRIGHT, LOREN R.
WALDO, DANIEL D.
WALTS, CHARLES H.
WATKINS, HEZEKIAH
WHITTEMORE, CLARK F.

1860-1861.

ADAMS, SEYMOUR F. BENEDICT, E. PLATT, JR. BENEDICT, MITCHELL BLAKELY, A. JUDSON BLAKELY, SHELDON E. BLISS, GEORGE N. BLISS, WM. B. BOYD, SAMUEL Brown, James E. BURNELL, GEORGE W. CARPENTER, SAMUEL W. CHACE, ALONZO CHAPMAN, B. FRANKLIN COE, ELI G. COE, JOHN S. COLE, D. DWIGHT COLE, MARTIN D. CONVERSE, CHARLES C. COOK, J. DARWIN S. COOPER, SIDNEY W. COPELAND, CHARLES C. CUNNINGHAM, JOHN L. CURRIER, JOHN W. DICK, JAMES J. DICKINSON, CHASE H. DILL, CHARLES G. FELLOWS, JOSEPH W. FISH, BERRIEN FOWLER, WILLIAM GARATT, SMITH M. GERALD, DAVID V. GERE, EUGENE B. GODARD, ABEL GREENLY, EDWARD M. GRIFFIN, GEORGE B. HALE, WILLIAM H. HARDIN, LEMUEL S. HENDERSON ADAM R.

HOLDRIDGE, DILAZON D. HORTON, STEPHEN S. Houston, John H. JENSEN, HENRY C. F. KEENEY, GEORGE D. KIDDER, ICHABOD N. LEAVITT, HENRY LEITCH, D. KELLOGG LEWIS, J. DENISON LEWIS, WILLIAM A. LIVINGSTON, FRANK S. LOOMIS, HENRY B. MARVIN, JOHN MATHER, FRANK J. MATTESON, ELIAS L. MAY, THEODORE McElroy, WILLIAM H. NASH, EUGENE A. OLIN, EDWIN R. PAGE, SAMUEL B. PARIS, DANIEL E. PEASE, JAY A. POWERS, LLEWELLYN PRENTICE, WILLIAM P. PUFFER, HENRY M. RAINES, JOHN 3d RICE, THOMAS B. ROBINSON, ALBERT G. SALISBURY, EDWARD L. SANFORD, CHARLES D. SHELDON, HENRY K. SMITH, EDWARD M. SMITH, EUGENE SMITH, EZRA M. SMITH, HENRY P. SPOONER, HENRY J. STONE, WM. A. STOREY, WM. D.

STOWE, WM. T. SWEET, WM. H. S. TALCOTT, HARVEY H. TAYLOR, ALFRED J. TAYLOR, HENRY THOMPSON, SAMUEL THOMPSON, WM. B. WALKER, ALEXANDER
WASHBURNE, A. GARDNER
WELLINGTON, D. GERRY
WILSON, GEORGE
WISE, CHARLES P.
WOOD, ARTHUR B.
WOOD, DAVID W.

1861-1862.

ACERS, NELSON F. ALDRICH, ALANSON D. ALLEN, IRA W. BALLINTINE, T. McCauley BARLOW, M. EUGENE BEACH, DANIEL BEIDELMAN, WILLIAM BENTON, EDWARD B. Buck, Asahel CAVERNO, DANIEL H. CLEVELAND, ALANSON J. COLEMAN, SEYMOUR, Jr. DAY, HENRY E. DEAN, ALEXANDER M. DERING, SYLVESTER DUDLEY, DANIEL B. DYER, HORATIO FRANK GREENE, ROZELL M. GUTIERRES, THOMAS C. HADLEY, EDWIN HAKES, OSCAR F. HARVEY, DANIEL B. HASELTON, GEORGE W. HAYES, JOHN W. HOLLANDS, WILLIAM HOLT, WILLIAM H. HULBURT, THOMAS L. HULETT, EDWARD M. JONES, THOMAS S.

LACEY, ARTHUR T. MANCHESTER, THEODORE D. W. McCulloch, Wm. Hawthorne Merrifield, Henry K. MEYER, OTTO MORSE, ASA Morse, Nathan B., Jr. NICHOLLS, MARK A. Patterson, Charles G. A. ROBY, EDWARD Rodgers, Howard M. RUNDLE, THOMAS J. SAVAGE EDWARD SAWYER, CALVIN J. SCOTT, CHARLES F. SHELDON, COLLINS SLADE, WILLIAM, Jr. SNYDER, CHARLES E. SOUTHWICK, HENRY K. STEARNS, THEODORE R. SWEETLOVE, MERRITT V. B. SWIFT, HENRY S., Jr. TRACEY, JOHN, Jr. WALKER, ALEXANDER Washburn, Monroe B. WENDELL, JOHN D. WILLIAMS, HOMER M. WRIGHT, CHARLES E.

FALL TERM, 1862.

And Subjects of their Dissertations.

ALDRICH, ALANSON D.

Equity Practice under the Code. Graduating as of the Spring Term of 1862.

CHASE, FRANK Penal Laws.

BLAKE, HIRAM
Constitutional Law.

TOWER, HENRY F.
Divorce a Vinculo Matrimonii.

BOND, VINAL
Principal and Agent.

WALKER, JOHN H.
Murder and its Punishment.

WINTER TERM, 1862-1863.

And Subjects of their Dissertations.

BROWNELL, FREDERICK R. Guardian and Ward.

Manley, J. Homan Martial Law.

GIBSON, EDMUND H.
Law of Nature.

STUDENTS.

FOR THE COURSE OF 1862-63.

ACKERT, ALFRED T. ALDRICH, EDWIN AYRES, JAMES S.

BABCOCK, M. FRANK BAKER, FRANK, BALDWIN, FRANCIS E. BALLARD, HENRY BARTLETT, AUGUSTUS L. BECKER, ISRAEL H. C. BEMENT, WILBER F. BLAKE, HIRAM BOND, VINAL BRADLEY, EZRA C. BREWSTER, ARTHUR S. BRIDGE, REUEL W. BROWNELL, FREDERIC R. BULL, JOSEPH W.

CARR, LEWIS E. CARTER, ALBERT CARTER, GEORGE C. CARY, EDWARD, CHASE, FRANK, CHICHESTER, THEODORE COLEMAN, ROSWELL C. COOK, EDWARD E. COOK, ROBLEY D.

Rhinebeck, N. Y. Woonsocket, R. I.

West Troy, N. Y.

Penn Yan, N. Y. Tiffin, O. Northville, Conn. Tinmouth, Vt.

Augusta, Me. Reading, Pa. Cuba, N. Y.

Rindge, N. H. Albany, N. Y. New York, N. Y.

Austinburg, O. Augusta, Me. Little Compton, R. I.

Lackawaxen, Pa.

Salisbury, N. Y. Albany, N. Y. Great Bend, N. Y. Albany, N. Y. Springville, N. Y. Troy, N. Y. Goshen, N. Y.

Davenport, Ia. Troy, N. Y.

Brown University. Williams College, A. B.

Michigan University. Ohio Wes. Univ., A. B.

Vermont Univ., A. B.

Dickinson College,

Union College, A. B. Grand River Institute.

Union College.

Williams College, A. B.

Coonley, John C.	Aurora, N. Y.	
CRANNELL, MONROE	Albany, N. Y.	THE STATE OF THE S
Cross, Judson N.	Richville, N. Y.	Oberlin College.
DAKE, ALVAH C.	Greenfield, N. Y.	
DAVY, ORLANDO C.	Mohawk, N. Y.	
Donaldson, W. Gaston	New York, N. Y.	Williams College, A. B.
DURFEE, H. REES	Palmyra, N. Y.	Yale College, A. B.
EASTMAN, WILLIAM W.	Penn Yan, N. Y.	
the shalling of the		
FENTON, JOHN B. J.	Newburgh, N. Y.	
Gibson, Edmund H.	Poultney, Vt.	
GILBERT, JOSEPH D.	Hornby, N. Y.	
GILLENDER, AUGUSTUS T.	Rhinebeck, N. Y.	
GILLETTE, GEORGE W. C.	Gloversville, N. Y.	
Goodwill, Johnson V.	Randolph, N. Y.	
GREENE, WELCOME A., JR.	Providence, R. I.	
GURTEEN, S. HUMPHREYS	Niagara Falls, N. Y.	Jesus Col., Cambridge,
		England, A. B.
HARRIS, OLIVER P.	Montgomery, N. Y.	
Holbrook, Willard F.	Morris, N. Y.	Union College, A. B.
HOOD, ROBERT	Livingston, N. Y.	Union College, A. B.
HUBBELL, ARTHUR Y.	Waverly, N. Y.	
HUMPHREY, JAMES B.	North Ridgeville, O.	Oberlin College.
JENCKES, LELAND D.	Woonsocket, R. I.	Brown University, A. M.
JEROME, GEORGE	Trumansburg, N. Y.	Genesee College.
Jones, Hamilton	North Western, N. Y.	
Joslin, James T.	Schenectady, N. Y.	Union College.
	The same and the same of	The state of the s
King, John Curtis	Port Byron, N. Y.	Hamilton College.
KIRKHUFF, JACOB B.	Red Creek, N. Y.	
	and students and	The Control of the Control
LAPHAM, LORENZO S.	La Grange, N. Y.	Madison University.
LYON, GEORGE W.	Griffins Corners, N. Y	· Camping the said
	Alleged weetlest	M. Ventallaning
MANCHESTER, STERLING	Austinburg, O.	Grand River Institute.
MANLEY, J. HOMAN	Augusta, Me.	and the second
MASON, THEODORE W.	Brooklyn, L. I.	University of New York.
MATTICE, BENJAMIN	Middleburgh, N. Y.	Amherst College, A. B.
McMahon, James H.	Lanesville, Conn.	
MCNEAL, ROBERT T.	Bowling Green, Ky.	

WANZER, HORACE

Meader, Levi	Charlotte, Vt.	
METZGER, WILLIAM S.	Galena, Ill.	The state of the s
MINARD, DAYTON A.	Lockport, N. Y.	
Newbegin, Henry	Bryan, O.	Bowdoin College, A. M.
NORTON, FRED. H.	Gouverneur, N. Y.	
Nott, John C.	Albany, N. Y.	Union College.
O'BRIEN, JOHN C.	Geneva, N. Y.	Hobart College, A. M.
ONDERDONK, JAMES A.	Hamilton, N. Y.	Madison University.
OSBORN, THOMAS WEBB	New York, N. Y.	Yale College, A. B.
PARKHURST, GEORGE W.	Cohoes, N. Y.	Union College.
PECK, HARRISON J.	Ira, Vt.	
PECK, WILLIAM F.	Rochester, N. Y.	Williams College, A. B
PLUMBE, GEORGE E.	Potsdam, N. Y.	Middlebury Col., A. B.
POTTER, ZIBA HAZARD	Geneva, N. Y.	Hobart College, A. M.
	- Little Falls, N. Y.	The State of the State of
PRINGLE, GEORGE P.	Batavia, N. Y.	Hobart College.
PURNELL, SAMUEL	Elkton, Md.	Half fall of the state of the s
RAYMOND, EUGENE	New Baltimore, N. Y.	Yale Law Department.
RAYMOND, E. CHAPMAN	New Baltimore, N. Y.	Hamilton Law Dept.
ROGERS, JOSEPH M.	Lexington, Ky.	Union College.
SAYWARD, CHARLES A.	Ipswich, Mass.	Dartmouth College.
SHELDEN, AUGUSTUS C.	Willsboro', N. Y.	
SHEPARD, WILLIAM H.	Albany, N. Y.	Williams College, A. B.
SIMMONS, J. EDWARD	Troy, N. Y.	Williams College, A. B.
SIMPSON, MADISON	Lexington, Ky.	Georgetown College.
SKILTON, J. AVERY	Savannah, Ga.	Wesleyan University.
SMITH, JOHN Y.	Mexico, N. Y.	
Soop, HENRY C.	Durham, N. Y.	
STEVENS, JAMES R.	Ripley, O.	
TARR, EUGENE	Wellsburg, Va.	Bethany College, A. B.
TAYLOR, JEFFERSON	Central Bridge, N. Y.	
TEMPLE, JOHN T.	Trenton, N. J.	Princeton College.
Tower, Henry F.	Kankakee City, Ill.	
TRACY, SETH H.	Belmont, N. Y.	Alfred University.
WALKER, EDWARD C.	Batavia, N. Y.	Genesee College, A. B.
WALKER, JOHN H.	Root, N. Y.	OF STREET

Bath, L. I., N. Y.

STUDENTS.

WATSON, GEORGE Marble Dale, Conn.
WELLS, JOSEPH C. Middleburgh, N. Y.
WHITE, SEWARD E. Watertown, N. Y.
WILBOR, SAMUEL, JR. Chatham, N. Y.
WOODRUFF, CURRAN C. Buffalo, N. Y.

ZEIMER, HENRY

New York, N. Y.

Total, 104.

ANNUAL CIRCULAR.

The Trustees and Faculty submit the following as their reasons for organizing a Law School—the objects they propose, the methods adopted for their accomplishment, and the facilities they have it in their power to offer for teaching the various branches of the law, both as a SCIENCE and an ART.

They have felt the great and almost total want of all the aids so easily furnished, and so very essential, in enabling the young lawyer to start successfully in his professional career. The student of medicine and surgery can resort to schools in which he can be thoroughly instructed in all the principal branches of his profession, while the student of law enjoys few opportunities for acquiring anything more than he is enabled to obtain by reading in a lawyer's office. This furnishes very imperfect means, either of rendering him a sound, well read lawyer; a ready, correct practitioner; or a fluent and effective speaker.

He usually commences with few, if any, general directions as to his course of reading, and is seldom, or never, examined as to what he has read. Having no previous ideas in reference to legal principles, he reads with very little benefit. He has no landmarks to guide him, no fixed points to which he can refer, and around which he can arrange his acquisitions.

Besides, the law, in some of its features, is subject to great changes. New principles and practices are introduced, and old ones cease to possess their original force. Even those which are regarded as well settled are being modified to satisfy new wants, to meet the exigencies of new branches of business, or to become adapted to the requisitions of an ever refining, enlarging and progressing civilization.

Amid this succession of principles, these variations and modifications in the direction and operation of their vital forces, how is the unaided student to be guided in his promiscuous reading; how enabled to avoid the treasuring up of obsolete principles; how prevented from mingling error with truth; thus laying him under the necessity, when in actual

practice, of unlearning much that he has acquired, and of acquiring much that he has never learned.

All this to a lawyer's mind is sufficiently obvious. He has realized it all. He has also felt the force of another and a higher truth, viz: that the mere learning of law, is not learning how to practice it.

The student who is quietly reading law in the corner of an office in a country village, or even in a city, may imagine he is preparing himself to climb the heights of his profession, and may entertain dreams of future greatness; but he little apprehends the stern realities that will cluster around him when he comes to assume the responsibilities of business. Who would think of committing a ship on the ocean to the guidance of a youth who had only studied navigation in his closet? And yet he would be equally as well fitted to direct it successfully through sunshine and storm, as the young legal practitioner would the trial of a cause when he first emerged from the recess of a lawyer's office, with no more knowledge or other resources than were there accessible.

Impressed with this view, and feeling strongly the urgency of the demand for a method of instruction, which shall be conducted on correct principles, and with the design of instructing the student in the ART, as well as the SCIENCE, of the law; of fitting him to enter at once upon the successful practice of his profession, the Trustees have organized a Law School, which they hope and trust will meet and satisfy the wants of the present time, and which is so constituted as readily to adapt itself to whatever the future may require.

DEPARTMENTS AND TOPICS.

The Faculty in order to systematize their labors, and thus render them the more effectual, have embraced the legal topics upon which they lecture, in three departments. Three terms complete the whole course of instruction. A student commencing with any term, by attending that and the two next successive ones, will complete the entire course of instruction, and may become a candidate for graduation; and as one term is in no way dependent upon another in the study and mastery of its appropriate topics, the student may just as profitably enter one as another for the commencement of his course.

For the three terms next ensuing, the following will be the topics:

During the Fall Term of 1863, Professor Dean will lecture upon the Law of Personal Property, of Contract, and of Partnership.

During the Winter Term of 1863-64, upon the Law of Corporations, Contract of Sale, Negotiable Paper, and Law of Suretyship and Guaranty.

During the Spring Term of 1864, upon the Law of Assignments; of Bailments; of Principal and Agent; and of Insurance.

During the Fall Term of 1863, Judge Harris will lecture upon Common, STATUTE and Constitutional Law; Common Law and Equity Practice; and a comparison of both with that under the New York Code.

During the Winter Term of 1863-64, upon the General Principles of Equity Jurisprudence; and upon Common Law and Equity Pleadings; and Pleadings under the New York Code.

During the Spring Term of 1864, upon the Law of Evidence.

During the Fall Term of 1863, Judge Parker will lecture upon Criminal Law and Rights of Persons, including Remedies for Private Wrongs.

During the Winter Term of 1863-64, upon the Law of the Domestic Relations, and upon Real Property.

During the Spring Term of 1864, upon the Law of Real Property, including Uses, Trusts, Powers, and Wills.

METHODS AND MEANS OF INSTRUCTION.

These are mainly by lecture and examination. Professor Dean lectures and examines daily, except Saturdays, through each term of the course. Either Judges Harris or Parker also lecture daily with the like exception. The elevation of Judge Harris to a seat in the Senate of the United States, will not deprive the Law School of the benefit of his services as Professor. During the course next ensuing, of 1863-4, he will occupy almost, or quite all, the fall term in lecturing once each day; also three weeks of the Winter Term, and he will give his whole course on Evidence in the spring term, occupying, for that purpose, at least two weeks, lecturing twice or more each day. Judge Parker during the next ensuing course, will complete with Senator Harris the Fall Term, and will occupy about nine weeks of the Winter, and the same number in the Spring Term, in lecturing once each day, thus completing his entire course. Professor Dean will expect to lecture once each day, during the Fall, Winter and Spring Terms.

All the lectures are oral, and are expositions of legal principles with illustrations and applications. They are also accompanied by such references, hints and suggestions as are deemed the best calculated to enable the mind the more thoroughly to master and retain them.

The Faculty have, however, a higher aim than simply teaching young men the Law. They will also use their best endeavors to teach those who are intending to enter the profession, to be Lawyers. This is felt to be an arduous and difficult task. It is training the mind to a right use of its own faculties. It is giving it a power over its own resources, and enabling it fully to avail itself of its own stores of knowledge.

This is sought to be accomplished in a variety of ways, principally, however, by accustoming the young man to do that, as a student, which will afterwards be required of him as a lawyer.

The practical lawyer owes his success, in a great measure, to his quickness and accuracy in applying legal principles to the facts of his case. This the student is here taught to learn in the outset, by examining the reported cases referred to in the lectures to sustain the principles laid down.

Another feature of importance to be noticed, is the Moot Courts. Questions or causes, previously given out, are here argued by four of the students. These questions and causes are either taken from, and designed to illustrate, some vexed points arising in the lectures, or they are real causes pending before the Supreme Court or Court of Appeals.

Upon the conclusion of the argument, the cause is given to the class to discuss and decide. This gives rise to discussions of great interest and profit, in which large numbers of the class participate. After the discussion and decision by the class, the presiding professor gives his views on the questions involved, and on the correctness or incorrectness of the decision. Two of these courts are held each week. By judiciously pursuing this course, varied in such respects as experience may suggest, it is confidently expected that the student may be essentially aided in his efforts to become a ready, fluent and correct extemporaneous speaker, and that he may also acquire good habits of speaking, learning never to sacrifice sense to sound, or solid argument to showy declamation.

Another exercise which is attended with very beneficial results, is the previous appointment of two of the students, to prepare and read before the class their written opinions upon the points involved in each question or cause, and the grounds upon which they rest their decision. This requires the deliberate exercise of judgment, the balancing of opposing arguments, and is well adapted to fit the mind for the investigation of truth, for deciding upon controverted legal points, and for acting, if ever required, in a judicial capacity.

In addition to these class exercises, in which all the students will be required to participate, it will be optional with them to organize and conduct as many special Moot Courts as they choose, and as many debating clubs, in which they may practice forensic eloquence, as they may think proper, and all reasonable facilities will be afforded them for these purposes.

Of these facilities the students largely avail themselves. Besides the Associated Congress for debating general questions, the students form clubs, consisting usually of from fifteen to twenty in number, which devote themselves exclusively to the discussion of law questions. Every evening in the week except Saturday and Sunday, may be occupied by the meeting of one of these clubs. Here are presented large opportunities for the discussion of legal principles, and of learning their proper applications. The student can feel under no restraint as he is arguing only in the presence of his associates whom he has himself assisted in selecting. The foundations are laid here for subsequent discussions in the class. The recent addition of a library easily accessible both to the club and class, thus affording the means of bringing the cases relied upon by each side under immediate critical examination and discussion, adds immensely to these facilities.

READING, TEXT BOOKS, AND FACILITIES FOR INSTRUCTION.

The reading which the student is more especially expected to do consists in a close and critical examination of the cases referred to in the lectures, and which are cited to sustain and apply to their appropriate facts the legal principles there laid down. This species of reading, so different from that ordinarily pursued by the student in a law office, serves to fix the principles permanently in his mind, and to familiarize him with their applications. For this purpose large library facilities are required. These, it is believed, are more largely furnished in Albany than in any other place. They consist: 1st. Of large libraries of some members of the legal profession to which some students are fortunate enough to gain access, by obtaining seats in the office. 2d. The Law Library of the School, which is a well selected, good working library; and, 3d. The Law Library of the State, the best selected and most extensive in the United States. To this latter, however, the students are only permitted to have access for the purposes of reference, and subject to such rules and regulations as will secure to the judges and members of the legal profession, that full and free access to which they are by right entitled. In addition, it is earnestly urged upon each student to procure for his own special use a few elementary books, such as Kent's Commentaries, and as many of the Text Books recommended as he is able. These he can consult at his room in connection with the Lectures, and also make use of them in his investigations of questions arising for discussion in the clubs and Moot Courts. The following are among the Text Books recommended by the faculty, viz: Kent's Commentaries; Parsons on Contracts; Colyer on Partnership; Angell & Ames on Corporations; Hilliard on Sale; Edwards on Bills of Exchange and Promissory Notes; Edwards on Bailment; Dunlap's Paley on Agency; Reeves' Domestic Relations: Wharton's Criminal Law: Jarman on Wills. Others will be recommended during the course.

Banks & Brothers have published an index to all the lectures given during the course. This will furnish an invaluable aid in enabling the student to index his lectures as he proceeds, and thus possess him with an easy means of reference.

The opportunities for witnessing all the varieties of legal practice and styles of argument, are much greater in the city of Albany than in any other place of the same size. Besides the ordinary courts—the County and Mayor's—there are the Circuit, the Special and General Terms of the Supreme Court, and all the sessions of the Court of Appeals are held in the city of Albany. In these, especially the latter, the Law Student will have an opportunity of listening to the highest and purest styles of juridical reasoning, and of forming his own upon the most faultless models. The State Legislature sits annually at the Capitol during the months of January, February, March, and much of April.

The Law Students are admitted free of charge to the Lectures delivered in the Albany Medical College, and for a small fee to those delivered before the Young Men's Association of the City of Albany. There is also a Gymnasium in the city under very excellent regulations, in which a very extensive system of Gymnastic Exercises is carried through, and to which the Law Students, for a small fee can have constant access.

TERMS.

There will hereafter be THREE TERMS ANNUALLY of the Law School. For the year next ensuing they will be held as follows:

The first, commencing on the First Tuesday of September, will continue for twelve weeks, closing on Friday of the twelfth week.

The SECOND will commence on the LAST TUESDAY OF NOVEMBER, and will continue for TWELVE WEEKS, leaving a vacation of two weeks between the Winter and Spring Terms.

The THIRD will commence on the FIRST TUESDAY OF MARCH, and continue for Twelve weeks, closing on Friday of the twelfth week.

The fee for a single term will be \$40; for two terms, \$70; and for three terms, which includes the whole course, \$100; in each case payable in advance; either one of the two last subject to being refunded should the student from any necessity be prevented from attending one or both the terms.

No examination and no particular course of previous study are necessary for admission. Attendance in the early part, even in the commencement of their legal studies, is recommended to those whose minds are sufficiently matured, as the habits they will acquire, and the hints, suggestions and guides furnished them will essentially aid them in their subsequent course of study.

REQUIREMENTS FOR GRADUATION.

THE UNIVERSITY OF ALBANY confers no degree as a matter of course. On complying with the following provisions, the student may become a candidate for that of BACHELOR OF LAWS.

He must be twenty-one years of age; must sustain a good moral character; and must have attended three full terms of the Law School. He must, in addition, have sustained satisfactory examinations through the different terms; must have faithfully performed all the exercises assigned to him; and have prepared and deposited with one of the professors, six weeks before the close of the term at which he proposes to graduate, a dissertation on some legal subject, or some subject connected with the history, science or practice of the law, written by himself, the same to be written on alternate pages of ordinary sized letter paper, having a wide inner margin, and being in length from 10 to 15 pages. Upon complying with these provisions, and upon payment of a fee of \$10, and all back dues, he may, if properly qualified, receive a diploma conferring the degree of Bachellor of Laws.

This Diploma, by an Act of the Legislature, entitles the person upon whom it is conferred, without further examination, to be admitted to Practice as Attorney and Counsellor at Law in all the Courts of this State.

PRICE OF BOARD.

The price of Board in respectable families, varies from \$3 to \$3.50 or \$4 per week, including room and lodging, and in some cases fuel and light. Two or more by clubbing together, can hire a room and board themselves at a much less expense.

ALBANY MEDICAL COLLEGE.

The Next Term of this College will commence on the First Tuesday of September, and will continue for sixteen weeks.

The following are the Faculty, and the departments in which they lecture:

ALDEN MARCH, M. D.,

President, and Professor of the Principles and Practice of Surgery.

JAMES McNAUGHTON, M. D.,
Professor of the Theory and Practice of Medicine.

JAMES H. ARMSBY, M. D.,
Professor of Descriptive and Surgical Anatomy.

HOWARD TOWNSEND, M. D.,

Professor of Materia Medica and Physiology.

CHARLES H. PORTER, M. D.,

Professor of Chemistry and Medical Jurisprudence,

J. V. P. QUACKENBUSH, M. D.,

Professor of Obstetrics and Diseases of Women and Children.

GEORGE F. BARKER, PH. B., Acting Professor of Chemistry.

The Museum connected with this College has a great variety of Natural and Morbid Specimens. Every Saturday during the term is devoted to Practical and Clinical Instruction, to which all the Law Students can have free access The Library numbers some 5,000 volumes. The Albany Hospital is nearly opposite the Medical College.

Circulars obtained by addressing

J. V. P. QUACKENBUSH, M. D., Registrar.





To any Law Student in the Office of

barliele